

**Weeks 7 & 8**

**Paper 1**

**Briefly describe how improvements in communications have helped developments in medicine (5 marks)**

**And**

**Briefly describe one example of change from the 19th or 20th century which affected the development of medicine. (5 marks)**

**Help Box**

**Either 1 mark per different point you make or 2– 3 marks for more developed explained points.**

**Planning—as long as you like**

**Only 5 minutes to write up per question**

**Year 11 History Home Learning**

**Half term 1 (Sept—Oct)**

**The purpose of these homework tasks is to achieve two things:**

- 1) To **revise and review the work from last year on the History of Medicine** in order to reduce the big revision burden at the end by keeping it ‘ticking over’ during the year.
- 2) To **gain confidence with the styles of exam questions asked.** The exams are becoming more challenging and you need to have plenty of practise at the styles of questions asked so nothing freaks you out in the real exams.

There are 8 tasks in this booklet. You complete one each week. All of it must be handed in the week before the October half term. If you need help with any of them your teacher will have a lunchtime or an after school slot for you to attend for guidance. Alternatively you can attend one of the other History teacher slots if your teacher’s time does not suit you.. We will display these times outside our classroom.

In Mrs Hunter’s classroom there is a revision wall with revision guides, help sheets etc—please come and help your self. Don’t forget the school website. There are a lot of videos, web links, questions sheets, revision booklets etc there to help you . If you don’t know where to find it—ask!

**The time is now**—start being proactive to make sure you achieve the best grade possible!

P.S— People at home will receive a text to say you have this homework pack—so be warned!

P.P.S - Revision Guides are in school—get one! £6.50. Bring money to Mrs Hunter in Room 107

## Week 1

### Paper 1—History of Medicine

*Explain how war helped the development of medicine in the period 1800—1945*  
(7 marks)

#### Help Box

Check the dates—what can you include? What can't you? Use books, revision guides etc

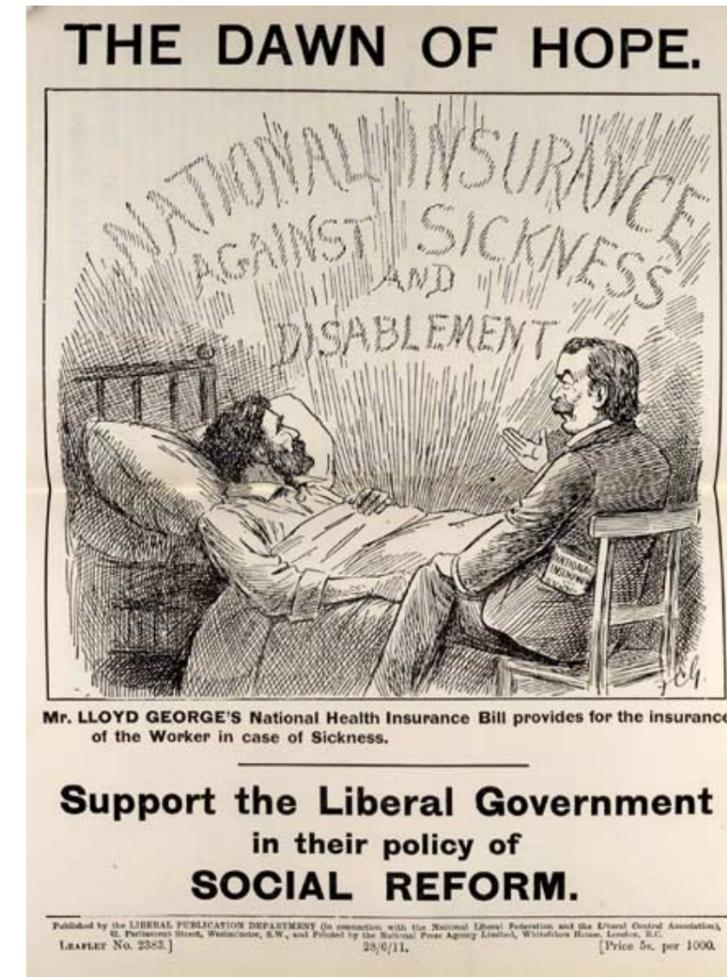
Planning time—as long as you like!

Remember this particular question asks how war helped medicine. Try to include more than one example.

Write up time—15 minutes max (that is all you would have in the exam)

## Week 6

### Paper 2—British Public Health c. 1800—1914



A poster published by the Liberal Party in 1911

Why was this source published in 1911?

Use the source and your knowledge to explain your answer. (9 marks)

#### Help Box

Briefly 'unpack' the source—describe what is happening, who is depicted etc

Consider the message—what is it trying to persuade people to believe and think?

What is the purpose of the source—why did the Liberal Party produce it at this time?

Remember to use source and own knowledge in your response

## Week 5

### Paper 1—History of Medicine

September 4th 1871. Dr Lister thought the swelling ought to be cut. I felt dreadfully nervous, as I bear pain so badly. I was given chloroform, but not very much. The abscess was cut very quickly and I hardly felt anything.

September 5th 1871. Had a cup of coffee before the terrible long dressing of the wound took place. Dr Marshall assisted Dr Lister, whose great invention, a carbolic spray to destroy all germs, was used before the bandages were removed.

*Two entries from Queen Victoria's diary.*

**Does this source prove that the major problems facing 19th century surgeons had been overcome? Use the source and your own knowledge to explain your answer. (8 marks)**

#### Help Box

Firstly the question is about surgery -(operations) so don't include anything else!

What does the source suggest about the improvements in surgery Queen Victoria experienced? Positive? Negative?

Bring in own knowledge—what else might need considering or discussing in a question asking you whether this source proves the 19th century problems in surgery had been solved?

Planning time—as long as you like!

Write up time—10 minutes max (that is all you would have in the exam)

Don't forget to use the words of the question in summing up your answer at the end.

## Week 2

### Paper 1—History of Medicine

***'The most important development in medicine in the twentieth century was the development of penicillin.'* (8 marks) Plus 3 for SPAG**

Explain how far you agree with this statement.

#### Help Box

Remember this question is asking you to evaluate the statement—you need to consider the arguments for and also the arguments against (should other 20th century developments be considered?)

Don't forget to reach a conclusion as to how far you agree with the view expressed in the question

Planning time—as long as you like!

Write up time—20 minutes max (that is all you would have in the exam) Make sure you write in paragraphs, use connectives, get key spellings right etc—this question carries an extra 3 marks for SPAG

### Week 3

#### Paper 1—History of Medicine

*'There was no major progress in surgery in the 19th century until the work of Lister.'* (8 marks) Plus 3 for SPAG

How far do you agree with this statement?

##### Help Box

Firstly the question is about surgery -(operations) so don't include anything else! Be clear on what Lister did and why he was important

Remember this question is asking you to evaluate the statement—you need to consider the arguments for and also the arguments against (should other 19th century surgery breakthroughs and people be considered?)

Don't forget to reach a conclusion as to how far you agree with the view expressed in the question

Planning time—as long as you like!

Write up time—20 minutes max (that is all you would have in the exam) Make sure you write in paragraphs, use connectives, get key spellings right etc—this question carries an extra 3 marks for SPAG

### Week 4

#### Paper 1—History of Medicine

Explain why there was opposition to smallpox vaccination during the 19th century (7 marks)

##### Help Box

Review the smallpox vaccination work and how it worked

Consider why people in the 19th century may have been less than keen with this idea.

Try to include a range of reasons (some may be religious, practical, snobbery, etc etc)

Don't forget to sum up